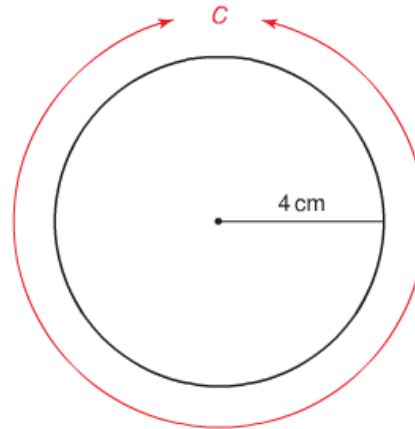
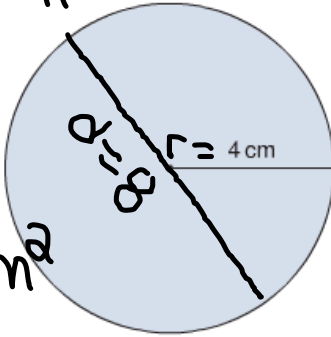


4.7 Surface Area of a Right Cylinder – Notes

What is the area of this circle?

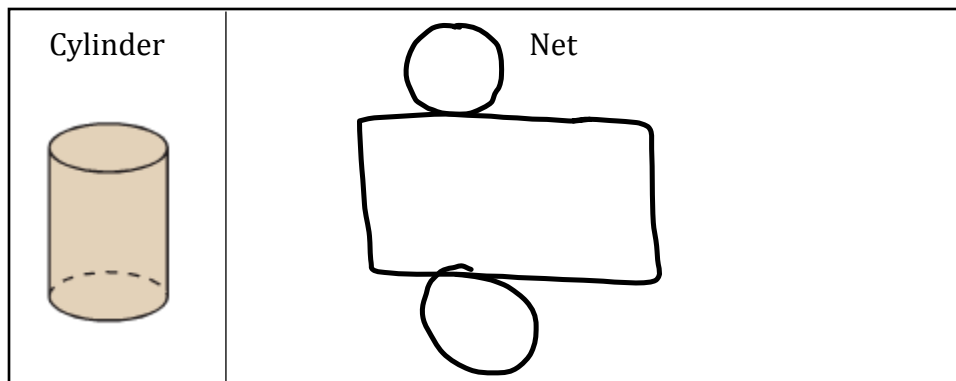
What is the circumference of this circle?

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{\text{circle}} &= \pi r^2 = \pi \times r \times r \\
 &= 3.14 \times 4^2 \\
 &= 3.14 \times 16 \\
 &= 50.24 \text{ cm}^2
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 C &= \pi d \\
 C &= 2\pi r \\
 &= 2(3.14)(4) \\
 &= 25.12 \text{ cm}
 \end{aligned}$$

Note: The bases of a right cylinder are 2 <sup>equal</sup> congruent circle.  
 The curved surface of a cylinder is a rectangle when laid flat.  
 These 3 shapes make the net of a cylinder.



SURFACE AREA OF CYLINDER =  $[2 \times \text{Area of Circle}] + [\text{Area of curved surface}]$

$= [2 \times \pi r^2] + [2\pi r \times h]$

$= [2\pi r^2] + [2\pi rh]$

distance between 2 circles

base x height

must memorize! NOT GIVEN

Example (1): Find the surface area of the cylinder.

$$\begin{aligned} S.A_{\text{cylinder}} &= [2\pi r^2] + [2\pi rh] \\ &= [2 \times 3.14 \times 64] + [2 \times 3.14 \times 8 \times 11] \\ &= [401.92] + [552.64] \\ &= 954.56 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$



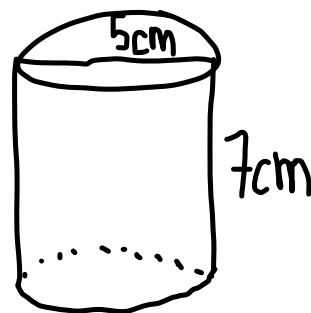
$$\begin{aligned} r &= 8 \\ r^2 &= 8^2 = 64 \\ h &= 11 \end{aligned}$$

Example (2): A manufacturer produces a can with height 7 cm and diameter 5 cm.

What is the surface area of the label to one decimal place?

$$\begin{aligned} S.A_{\text{curved surface}} &= [2\pi rh] \\ &= [2 \times 3.14 \times 2.5 \times 7] \\ &= 109.9 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

↓  
curved surface  
only



$$\begin{aligned} r &= 5 \div 2 = 2.5 \\ r^2 &= 2.5^2 = 6.25 \\ h &= 7 \end{aligned}$$