

**Grade Eight Math Assignment 2015**  
**Chapter Three: Fractions**  
**PRACTICE**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ 1. What is  $\frac{23}{4}$  as a mixed number?

A)  $5\frac{1}{4}$

B)  $5\frac{1}{2}$

C)  $5\frac{3}{4}$

D)  $6\frac{3}{4}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 4 \overline{)23} \\ \underline{-20} \\ 3R \end{array}$$

\_\_\_\_\_ 2. What is the best estimate of  $5\frac{8}{9} \div \frac{4}{9}$ ?

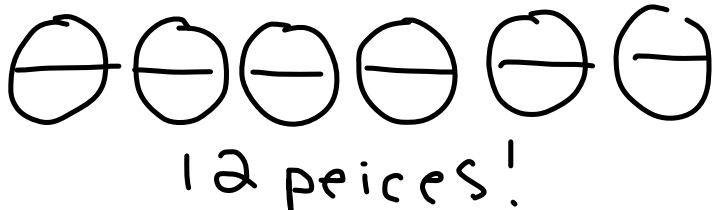
A)  $\frac{1}{2}$

B) 3

C) 10

D) 12

$$6 \div \frac{1}{2}$$



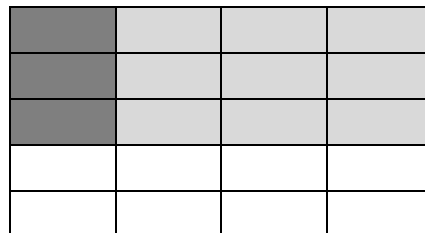
\_\_\_\_\_ 3. Which expression is best represented by the model?

A)  $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{4}$

B)  $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{3}{5}$

C)  $\frac{3}{20} \times \frac{3}{5}$

D)  $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1}{4}$



\_\_\_\_\_ 4. What is  $\frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3} + \frac{2}{3}$  written as a multiplication statement?

A)  $3 \times \frac{2}{3}$

B)  $3 \times 4$

C)  $4 \times \frac{2}{3}$

D)  $4 \times \frac{3}{2}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 5. Which multiplication statement is modelled?

A)  $\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{4}{7}$

B)  $3 \times \frac{4}{7}$

C)  $5 \times \frac{4}{7}$

D)  $21 \times \frac{4}{7}$



5 sets of  $\frac{4}{7}$

\_\_\_\_\_ 6. Which multiplication equation is modelled below?

2  
2 1/2

$2 \times 3 = 6$	$2 \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$
$3 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{6}$

~~A)  $2\frac{1}{3} \times 3\frac{1}{2} = 8\frac{1}{3}$~~

B)  $2\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{3} = 8\frac{1}{3}$

~~C)  $2\frac{1}{3} \times 3\frac{1}{2} = 6\frac{1}{6}$~~

D)  $2\frac{1}{2} \times 3\frac{1}{3} = 6\frac{1}{6}$

$6 + 1\frac{1 \times 3}{2 \times 3} + \frac{2 \times 2}{3 \times 2} = 8\frac{1}{3}$

$6 + 1\frac{3}{6} + \frac{4}{6} + \frac{1}{6}$

$7 + \frac{8}{6}$

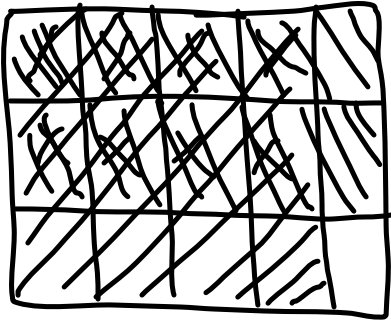
$7 + 1\frac{2}{3} = 8\frac{1}{3}$

## Section 2- Show All workings!

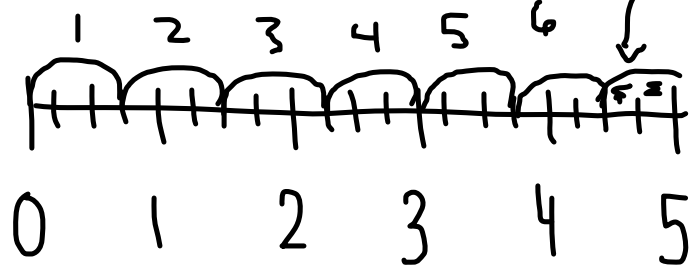
1. Using a model of your choice, evaluate each expression.

[4 marks]

$$A) \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{8}{15}$$



$$B) 5 \div \frac{3}{4} = 6 \frac{2}{3}$$



2. Calculate each expression. Reduce your answers to lowest terms, if necessary. [2 marks each]

$$A) \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{8}{15}$$

$$B) \frac{4}{9} \div \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\frac{4}{9} \times \frac{5}{4} = \frac{5}{9}$$

$$C) \frac{55}{42} \times \frac{21}{35}$$

$$\frac{33}{42} \div 3$$

$$\frac{11}{14}$$

$$D) \frac{12}{7} \div \frac{10}{1}$$

$$\frac{12}{7} \times \frac{1}{10} = \frac{6}{35}$$

$$\frac{6}{35}$$

$$E) 4\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\frac{13}{3} \times \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\frac{13}{27}$$

$$F) 2\frac{3}{7} \div 3\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{17}{7} \div \frac{10}{3}$$

$$\frac{17}{7} \times \frac{3}{10}$$

$$\frac{51}{70}$$

$$G) \frac{2}{5} + \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\frac{8}{20} + \frac{25}{20}$$

$$\frac{33}{20}$$

$$1\frac{13}{20}$$

$$H) \frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{7}{8} - \frac{6}{8}$$

$$\frac{1}{8}$$

$$\frac{47}{3} \times \frac{1}{9} = \frac{47}{27}$$

3. Calculate each expression. Reduce your answers to lowest terms, if necessary. [3 marks each]

A)  $2\frac{2}{3} + \frac{5}{2} \div \frac{3}{4}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{8}{3} + \frac{5}{2} \div \frac{3}{4} \\ & \frac{8}{3} + \frac{5}{2} \times \frac{4}{3} \\ & \frac{8}{3} + \frac{10}{3} \\ & = \frac{18}{3} \\ & = 6 \end{aligned}$$

B)  $\frac{3}{10} - \left( \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{4} \right) \times \frac{2}{3}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{10} - \left( \frac{4}{20} + \frac{5}{20} \right) \times \frac{2}{3} \\ & \frac{3}{10} - \frac{9}{20} \times \frac{2}{3} \\ & \frac{3}{10} - \frac{3}{10} \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$$

4. Write a real world word problem for the expression;  $10 \times \frac{1}{2}$ . [2 marks]

Joanne give  $\frac{1}{2}$  of her candy to her brother. If she has 10 candies, how many does her brother get?

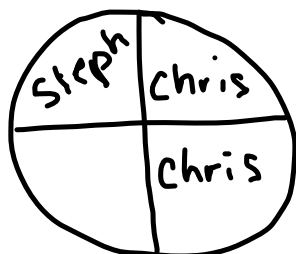
⊗ Answers will vary ⊗

5. Sam bought  $1\frac{2}{3}$  of a pound of chocolate. If he eats  $\frac{3}{5}$  of it, how many pounds has he eaten? [2 marks]

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{3}{5} \text{ "of"} 1\frac{2}{3} \rightarrow \frac{3}{5} \times 1\frac{2}{3} \\ & = \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{5}{3} \\ & = 1 \end{aligned}$$

He has eaten  
1 pound.

6. Chris ate 2 slices of cake and Stephanie ate 1 slice. If Christopher ate  $\frac{1}{2}$  of the cake and all the slices were the same size, what fraction of the cake remained after Christopher and Stephanie had eaten? A diagram may help. [2 marks]



Entire Cake:

$$2 \div \frac{1}{2} = 2 \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{4}{1} = 4 \text{ slices.}$$

Amount Left:

$$4 - 2 - 1 = 1 \text{ slice left.}$$

7. Monica and Ryan shared 18 cookies. Monica ate  $\frac{1}{6}$  of the cookies. Ryan ate  $\frac{1}{3}$  of the cookies. How many cookies were left? [2 marks]

Monica

$$\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{18}{1} = \frac{18}{6} = 3$$

Ryan:

$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{18}{1} = \frac{18}{3} = 6$$

Cookies left:

$$18 - 3 - 6 = 9$$

9 cookies were left.

8. McDonalds sell milkshakes in two sizes. A small milkshake is 300 ml and a large milkshake contains  $\frac{2}{3}$  more. [2 marks]

A) How many ml are in a large milkshake in total?

$$300 \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{600}{3} = 200 \text{ ml extra}$$

$$\text{So, } 300 + 200 = 500 \text{ ml}$$

There are 500ml in a large milkshake

B) If Sally drinks  $\frac{2}{3}$  of a **SMALL** milkshake and Ed drinks  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a **LARGE** milkshake, who drinks the most? [2 marks]

Sally:

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{300}{1} \\ &= \frac{600}{3} \\ &= 200 \end{aligned}$$

Ed:

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{500}{1} \\ &= \frac{500}{2} \\ &= 250 \end{aligned}$$

So, Ed drinks the most.